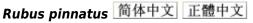


GLOBAL INVASIVE SPECIES DATABASE

FULL ACCOUNT FOR: Rubus pinnatus



System: Terrestrial

Kingdom	Phylum	Class	Order	Family
Plantae	Magnoliophyta	Magnoliopsida	Rosales	Rosaceae

Common name bramble (English), blackberry (English)

Synonym Rubus kingaensis, Engl. Rubus madagascarius, Gust.

Rubus madagascarius, fo. umbrosus Gust.

Rubus pappei, Eckl. & Zeyh.

Rubus pinnatus, subsp. afrotropicus Engl. Rubus pinnatus, var. afrotropicus Gust. Rubus pinnatus, var. defensus Gust. Rubus pinnatus, var. mutatus Gust.

Rubus pinnatus , var. subglandulosus R. A. Grah.

Rubus roridus, Lindl. Rubus rosifolius, Sm.

Similar species

Summary Rubus pinnatus is reported as being exceedingly common on the island of St

Helena everywhere above an elevation of 1500 feet.



view this species on IUCN Red List

Species Description

Rubus pinnatus a shrubby plant is described as follows: \"Leaves pinnate, leaflets five or seven, rarely three ovate-cordate lucid, strongly veined, doubly serrate. Panicles terminate. Stems, branches, petioles and peduncles armed; tender shoots villous and hoary. Stem scarce, and what there is grows to be as thick as a man's leg sometimes. Branches numerous, very long and scandent, when their apices rest on the ground they strike root and produce other plants as in the other species of this genus. The young shoots glaucous and downy, the bark of the old dark brown; all are well armed with numerous recurved prickles. Leaves alternate, pinnate 6-12 inches long, leaflets ovate and ovate-cordate, smooth doubly serrate. Petioles and ribs armed. Stipules petiolary, ensiform. Panicles term- inal, with their peduncles and sub-divisions armed and downy. Brackes like the stipules. Calycine segments lanceloate, nearly twice the length of the ovate, pink petals, and they are rather longer than the stamina and styles. Berries in shape, size and colour very like those of the common bramble, but scarcely so palatable\" (Jackson 1905)

Habitat Description

Rubus pinnatus is reported as being exceedingly common on the island of St Helena everywhere above an elevation of 1500 feet (Report on the botony of the Atlantic Islands, Undated).

General Impacts

Rubus pinnatus is recognised as a weed (Global Compendium of Weeds 2007).

Principal source:



GLOBAL INVASIVE SPECIES DATABASE

FULL ACCOUNT FOR: Rubus pinnatus

Compiler: IUCN SSC Invasive Species Specialist Group (ISSG) with support from the EU-funded South Atlantic Invasive Species project, coordinated by the Royal Society for the Protection of Birds (RSPB)

Review:

Pubblication date: 2009-04-27

ALIEN RANGE

[1] AUSTRALIA [2] SAINT HELENA

Red List assessed species 1: EW = 1;

Trochetiopsis erythroxylon EW

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8 references found for Rubus pinnatus

Managment information

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General information

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