

Opuntia ficus-indica

System: Terrestrial

Kingdom	Phylum	Class	Order	Family
Plantae	Magnoliophyta	Magnoliopsida	Caryophyllales	Cactacea

Common name

Synonym

Similar species

Summary



[view this species on IUCN Red List](#)

Principal source:

Compiler: IUCN SSC Invasive Species Specialist Group (ISSG) with support from the Overseas Territories Environmental Programme (OTEP) project XOT603, a joint project with the Cayman Islands Government - Department of Environment

Review:

Publication date: 2005-01-24

ALIEN RANGE

[1] GIBRALTAR

[1] MALTA

Red List assessed species 5: CR = 4; EN = 1;

[Aeonium gomerense](#) EN

[Cheirolophus crassifolius](#) CR

[Cremnophyton lanfrancoi](#) CR

[Helichrysum melitense](#) CR

[Medicago citrina](#) CR

BIBLIOGRAPHY

5 references found for *Opuntia ficus-indica*

Management information

Hoffmann, J.H., Moran, V.C. & Zeller, D.A. 1998. Evaluation of *Cactoblastis cactorum* (Lepidoptera: Phycitidae) as a biological control agent of *Opuntia stricta* (Cactaceae) in the Kruger National Park, South Africa. *Biological Control*. 12: 20-24.

Summary: Publication on the Biological control of *O. stricta* in South Africa.

[Varnham, K. 2006. Non-native species in UK Overseas Territories: a review. JNCC Report 372. Peterborough: United Kingdom.](#)

Summary: This database compiles information on alien species from British Overseas Territories.

Available from: <http://www.jncc.gov.uk/page-3660> [Accessed 10 November 2009]

General information

[Stevens, D. & Lanfranco, E. 2006. *Cheirolophus crassifolius*. In: IUCN 2012. IUCN Red List of Threatened Species. Version 2012.1](#)

Summary: Available from: <http://www.iucnredlist.org/apps/redlist/details/61621/0> [Accessed 1 March 2012]

Vila, M And Gimeno, I. 2003. Seed predation of two alien *Opuntia* species invading Mediterranean communities. *Plant Ecology* 167: 1-8

Summary: Notes on Invasions.

Vila, M., Burriel, J.A, Pinoj, Chamizo J, Llach E, Porterias, M. And Vives M. 2003. Association between *Opuntia* species invasion and changes in land-cover in the Mediterranean region. *Global Change Biology* 9: 1234-1239

Summary: Notes on spread.