

## MN (Minor) *Pelophylax lessonae*

<b>Date assessed</b>	2020-09-01
<b>Year published</b>	2021
<b>Eicat category</b>	MN (Minor)
<b>Justification for EICAT assessment</b>	Rana lessonae have been found to be hosts of Batrachochytrium dendrobatidis and co-occurring native amphibians also tested positive (Cunningham & Minting 2008). The disease is harmful to native amphibians, but population sizes have not been studied therefore the impact is classified as minor.
<b>Confidence rating</b>	Low
<b>Mechanism(s) of maximum impact</b>	Transmission of disease
<b>Countries of most severe impact</b>	United Kingdom
<b>Description of impact</b>	Transmission of diseases to native species - Rana lessonae have been found to be hosts of Batrachochytrium dendrobatidis and co-occurring native amphibians also tested positive. The disease is harmful to native amphibians, but population sizes have not been studied therefore the impact is classified as minor.
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<b>Reviewers</b>	EICAT authority
<b>Recommended citation</b>	John Measey; Mohlamatsane Mokhatla; Carla Wagener; Sabrina Kumschick. (2025). <i>Pelophylax lessonae</i> . IUCN Environmental Impact Classification for Alien Taxa (EICAT).

