

GLOBAL INVASIVE SPECIES DATABASE

EICAT profile: Turdus philomelos

MO (Moderate) Turdus philomelos

Date assessed 2021-10-21 2023 Year published MO (Moderate) **Eicat category Justification for EICAT** assessment Predation by the Song Thrush caused the decline of the Lord Howe Flax Snail (Placostylus bivaricosus) and other snail species (Placostylus and Paryphanta). However, other causes for the decline are habitat destruction, habitat modification, predation by other introduced species and collection of live animals for their shells by humans may also once have had an effect (Parrish et al., 1995; Threatened Species Scientific Committee, 1999). Confidence rating Low Predation Mechanism(s) of maximum impact **Countries of most severe** New Zealand; Australia impact Description of impact The Song Trush preys on native insect, earthworm and snail species, causing the decline of some of these snail species. Thomas Evans; Tom Allmert **Assessor Contributors** Reviewers EICAT authority Recommended citation Thomas Evans; Tom Allmert. (2025). Turdus philomelos . <u>IUCN Environmental Impact Classification for</u> Alien Taxa (EICAT).

