

**MN (Minor)** *Horornis diphone*

<b>Date assessed</b>	2021-09-27
<b>Year published</b>	2023
<b>Eicat category</b>	MN (Minor)
<b>Justification for EICAT assessment</b>	The Japanese Bush-warbler has been observed to feed on native invertebrates on Hawaii. There is no evidence that this has caused a decline of these species (Foster 2005, Scinto 2018).
<b>Confidence rating</b>	Low
<b>Mechanism(s) of maximum impact</b>	Predation
<b>Countries of most severe impact</b>	U.S.A.
<b>Description of impact</b>	The Japanese bush-warbler feeds on native invertebrate and plant species and might compete with native bird species for food on Hawaii.
<b>Assessor</b>	Tom Allmert; Thomas Evans
<b>Contributors</b>	
<b>Reviewers</b>	EICAT authority
<b>Recommended citation</b>	Tom Allmert; Thomas Evans. (2026). <i>Horornis diphone</i> . <a href="#">IUCN Environmental Impact Classification for Alien Taxa (EICAT)</a> .

