MN (Minor)Agapornis roseicollis

Date assessed	2023-02-27
Year published	
Eicat category	MN (Minor)
Justification for EICAT assessment	Chlamydia psittaci has been detected in rosy-faced lovebirds and native bird species in Arizona, after a mortality event of rosy-faced lovebirds in residential backyards. Some of the native birds exhibited variable crusty lesions on the head, bill, or legs, with some of these individuals missing parts of the upper or lower bill. There is no evidence that this has caused a decline in populations of native birds (Dusek et al. 2018).
Confidence rating	Medium
Mechanism(s) of maximum impact	Transmission of diseases to native species
Countries of most severe impact	U.S.A.
Description of impact	The rosy-faced lovebird is a host of disease which has also been detected in native bird species and in captivity in the native range. It hybridizes with another Agapornis species in captivity.
Assessor	Tom Allmert; Thomas Evans
Contributors	
Reviewers	EICAT authority
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